🐑 Interior Health

Laboratory Services

Ordering pathway for Microbiology testing on Adult patients with suspected Meningoencephalitis

Meningitis

Typical presentation may include: fever, headache, neck stiffness, and sometimes altered mental status or seizures

For indications for CT scan prior to LP and empiric treatment recommendations including antibiotics and corticosteroids: Go to <u>bugsanddrugs.org</u>, then select treatment \rightarrow adult patients \rightarrow Central nervous system \rightarrow meningitis

For suspected viral meningitis, IV acyclovir should also be started: For dosing recommendations, go to <u>bugsanddrugs.org</u>, then select treatment \rightarrow adult patients \rightarrow Central nervous system \rightarrow encephalitis

Initial bloodwork for <u>ALL</u> meningitis cases		
Meditech order		Notes
Blood C&S/Yeast – Venip	uncture	Obtain ASAP
		before antibiotics
HIV serology		
CBC with differential Electrolytes, Creatinine, Glucose Random		
Initial CSF tests for <u>ALL</u> meningitis cases		
Test	Volume	Meditech order
CSF cell count and diff	>1 mL (tube 1/4)	
CSF protein		CSF Panel
CSF glucose	>2 mL (tube 3)	
CSF lactate		Lactate - CSF
CSF culture	>1 mL (tube 2)	CSF Fluid C&S
Meningoencephalitis	CSF Viral/	CSF Viral/Bacteria/
molecular panel*	>1 mL (tube 2)	Crypt Panel

*Includes: HSV1/2, VZV, Enterovirus, Parechovirus, N. meningitidis, S. pneumoniae, H. influenzae, E.coli K1, L. monocytogenes, GBS and Cryptococcus neoformans/gattii.

CSF collection instructions:

Visit <u>https://www.interiorhealth.ca/</u>, then click on "Information for" \rightarrow Medical Staff \rightarrow Clinical Tools & Resources \rightarrow Laboratory Services Guide \rightarrow Then view the guidelines for CSF collections under "Nonblood sample collection"

Acute symptom onset: hours to 5 days

Bacterial meningitis: contact and droplet precautions

If initial CSF testing results are negative, and meningitis is still highly suspected, especially if immunocompromised, consult with Infectious diseases and/or Neurology for further testing recommendations

2 nd line testing (must be approved by ID, neuro or IM)		
Test	Meditech order	Notes
West Nile Virus serology on serum and CSF PCR*; send convalescent serology specimen 1-2 weeks later	West Nile Virus (WNV) Serology and CSF West Nile Virus (WNV) PCR	*Circulates May to Nov only in BC
Lyme serology; If positive, CSF Lyme testing can be ordered	Borrelia (Lyme) Serology	
Direct 16s sequencing on CSF for bacteria	N/A – lab orderable only	Contact medical microbiologist

ID=infectious diseases; IM=internal medicine

Meningitis, continued

Subacute symptom onset: 5 to 30 days OR Chronic symptom onset: >30 days

- Detailed history required, including any immunocompromise, rashes, travel in past several years, insect or animal bites/exposures, TB exposures, sick contacts, occupational and sexual history
- Infectious and non-infectious diagnoses are possible
- Consult with Infectious diseases and/or Neurology
- □ If possible, collect at least 10 to 20 mL of CSF

Additional initial tests for <u>ALL</u> subacute and chronic cases		
Test	Volume	Meditech order
CSF TB culture	>4 mL	TB/Mycobacteria-
		Fluid/Aspirate
CSF Fungal culture	>1 mL	Fungus-Fluid/Aspirate
CSF Cryptococcal antigen	>2 mL	Cryptococcal Ag Screen
CSF oligoclonal bands	>1 mL	Oligoclonal Banding –
Serum oligoclonal bands		CSF and
		Oligoclonal banding
Syphilis screen (blood)	N/A	Syphilis Screen EIA/RPR

Infectious diseases and/or Neurology will provide guidance to direct further testing recommendations, based on history

2nd line testing (Decod on Infectious discoses and for neuros

2 nd line testing (Based on Infectious diseases and/or neuro consult)			
NOTE: not an exhaust	NOTE: not an exhaustive list		
Risk factor	Test	Meditech order	
Blastomyces	Blastomyces serology	Blastomyces	
exposure based on	*Biosafety issue, alert	Serology	
travel history	microbiology lab*		
Coccidoides	Coccidoides serology	Coccidoides	
exposure based on	*Biosafety issue, alert	serology	
travel history	microbiology lab*		
Histoplasma	Histoplasma serology	Histoplasma	
exposure based on	*Biosafety issue, alert	Serology	
travel history	microbiology lab*		
Lyme suspected	Lyme serology on serum	Borrelia (Lyme)	
based on tick		Serology	
contact, erythema	If positive, then CSF		
migrans rash,	Lyme testing can be		
radiculopathy or	ordered		
cranial nerve palsy			
Syphilis screen	CSF VDRL	Syphilis	
positive on serum		(Treponema)	
OR high clinical		VDRL CSF	
suspicion			
TB exposure	CSF TB PCR	TB/Mycobacteria-	
		Fluid/Aspirate	
Possible mosquito	West Nile Virus	West Nile Virus	
exposure from May	serology on serum and	(WNV) Serology	
to October,	CSF*; For high risk	and CSF West Nile	
especially if	cases, send	Virus (WNV) PCR	
movement disorder	convalescent serology		
or age >50 years	specimen 1-2 weeks		
	later		

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Laboratory Services

Ordering pathway for Microbiology testing on Adult patients with suspected Meningoencephalitis

Encephalitis/Meningoencephalitis

Typical presentation may include:

altered mental status and/or personality changes, often with fever and headache and sometimes with focal neurologic deficits or seizures, or sign of meningitis such a neck stiffness

For indications for CT scan prior to LP: Go to <u>bugsanddrugs.org</u>, then select treatment \rightarrow adult patients \rightarrow Central nervous system \rightarrow meningitis

For empiric treatment recommendations, go to <u>bugsanddrugs.org</u>, then select treatment \rightarrow adult patients \rightarrow Central nervous system \rightarrow encephalitis

- Detailed history required, including any immunocompromise, rashes, travel in past several years, insect or animal bites/exposures, TB exposures, sick contacts, recent infections or vaccines administered, occupational and sexual history
- Consult with Infectious diseases and/or Neurology
- If Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease suspected, contact microbiologist on call before performing lumbar puncture to arrange safe testing
- □ If possible, collect at least 10 to 20 mL of CSF

Initial bloodwork for ALL meningoencephalitis cases			
Test Meditech order		Notes	
Blood C&S/Yeast -Venipur	ncture	Obtain before	
		antibiotics ASAP	
CBC with differential			
Syphilis Screen EIA/RPR			
Electrolytes, Creatinine, G	ilucose Random		
ALT, AST, GGT, LDH			
California Encep Virus ser	ology*		
HIV serology			
West Nile Virus (WNV) Se	rology*	send convalescent	
		serology specimen	
		1-2 weeks later	
Other testing			
	Virus Covid/Flu + Magpix - Nasoph NP swab specimen		
Initial CSF tests for <u>ALL</u> me	Initial CSF tests for <u>ALL</u> meningoencephalitis cases		
Test	Volume	Meditech order	
CSF cell count and diff	>1 mL (tube 1/4)		
CSF protein		CSF Panel	
CSF glucose	>2 mL (tube 3)		
CSF lactate		Lactate - CSF	
Meningoencephalitis		CSF Viral/	
molecular panel**	>1 mL (tube 4)	Bacteria/ Crypt	
		Panel	
CSF culture	>1 mL (tube 2)	CSF Fluid C&S	
CSF Cryptococcal	>2 mL (tube 2)	Cryptococcal Ag	
antigen		Screen	
CSF West Nile Virus*	>0.5 mL (tube 2)	CSF West Nile	
		Virus (WNV) PCR	

*Arboviruses can circulate mid-April to November in BC if mosquito vectors are present; order only if non-infectious causes of toxic-metabolic encephalopathy are unlikely **Includes: HSV1/2, VZV, Enterovirus, Parechovirus, *N. meningitidis, S. pneumoniae, H. influenzae, E.coli* K1, L. monocytogenes, GBS and Cryptococcus neoformans/gattii.

□ Infectious diseases and/or Neurology will provide guidance to direct further testing recommendations, based on history.

Encephalitis/Meningoencephalitis, continued	
2 nd line testing based on Infectious diseases and/or neuro consultation	

Test	arboviruses based on local epi Risk factor	Meditech order
CMV CSF PCR Note: positive results may occur due to presence of latently infected cells in CSF; interpret with caution	 AIDS, especially with CD4 <50 cell/uL SOT/HSCT (rare) 	CMV PCR (Adult)
EBV CSF PCR Note: positive results may occur due to presence of latently infected cells in CSF; interpret with caution	 Rarely primary EBV complicated by CNS infection AIDS, SOT/HSCT (rare) 	EBV PCR (Adult)
Fungal culture *Biosafety issue, alert microbiology lab if ordered*	Histoplasma, Blastomyces, or Coccidioides exposure based on travel to endemic areas	Fungus- Fluid/Aspirate
Human herpes virus 6 (HHV-6) CSF PCR Note: positive results may occur due to presence of latently infected cells in CSF; interpret with caution	 Rarely primary HHV-6 complicated by CNS infection SOT/HSCT (rare) 	Human herpesvirus-6 (HHV-6) PCR
JC Virus Progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy	 HIV, especially with CD4 200 cells/uL Lympho- or myelo- proliferative diseases SOT/HSCT Immunomodulatory therapy Primary immune disorders 	JC Virus PCR CSF
Lyme serology If positive, then CSF Lyme testing can be ordered	Lyme suspected based on tick contact, erythema migrans rash, radiculopathy or cranial nerve palsy	Borrelia (Lyme) Serology
Lymphocytic choriomeningitis Virus (LCMV) serology and CSF PCR	Exposure to secretions of mice, rats or hamsters	Lymph Choreomen Virus serology and PCR
Rabies CSF PCR (also submit nuchal biopsy specimen for PCR)	In BC: bat exposure with possible bite/scratch or saliva exposure into wound or mucous membrane	Rabies Virus PCI
Syphilis CSF (VDRL)	Syphilis screen positive on serum OR high clinical suspicion	Syphilis (Treponema) VDRL CSF
TB culture CSF	TB exposure	TB/Mycobacteri Fluid/Aspirate
Toxoplasma serology If positive, then CSF PCR testing can be	 AIDS (especially CD4<100 cells/uL) when not on appropriate prophylaxis SOT/HSCT 	Toxoplasma serology

SOT/HSCT = Solid organ transplant/Hematopoietic stem cell transplant